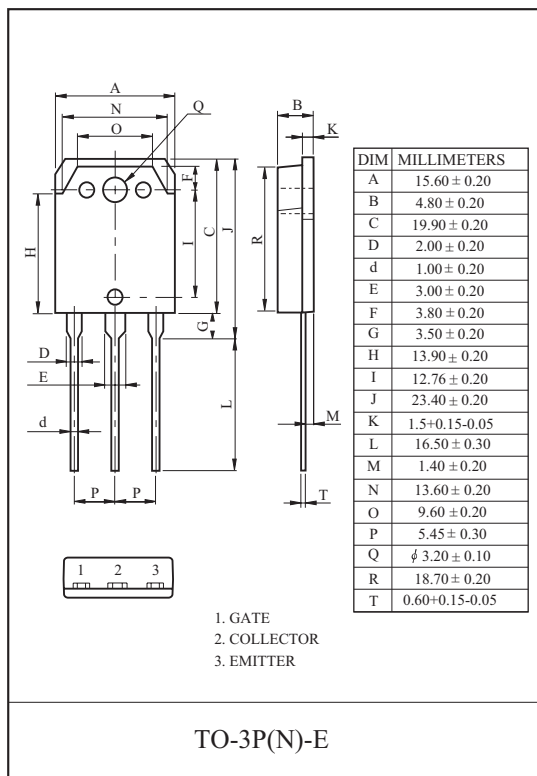


General Description

KEC NPT IGBTs offer low switching losses, high energy efficiency and high avalanche ruggedness for soft switching application such as IH(induction heating), microwave oven, etc.

FEATURES

- High speed switching
- High system efficiency
- Soft current turn-off waveforms
- Extremely enhanced avalanche capability



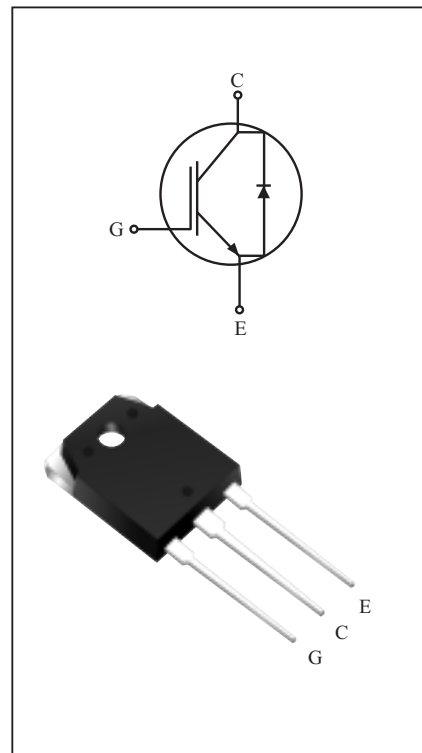
MAXIMUM RATING (Ta=25 °C)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V_{CES}	1200	V
Gate-Emitter Voltage	V_{GES}	± 20	V
Collector Current	@T _C =25 °C	30	A
	@T _C =100 °C	15	A
Pulsed Collector Current	I_{CM}^*	45	A
Diode Continuous Forward Current	@T _C =100 °C	I_F	15 A
Diode Maximum Forward Current		I_{FM}	45 A
Maximum Power Dissipation	@T _C =25 °C	P_D	200 W
	@T _C =100 °C		80 W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_j	150	
Storage Temperature Range	T_{stg}	-55 to + 150	

*Repetitive rating : Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature

THERMAL CHARACTERISTIC

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	MAX.	UNIT
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case (IGBT)	R_{JC}	0.6	/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case (DIODE)	R_{JC}	2.8	/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	R_{JA}	40	/W



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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=25 °C)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
Static							
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	BV_{CES}	$V_{GE}=0V, I_C=1.0mA$	1200	-	-	V	
Collector Cut-off Current	I_{CES}	$V_{GE}=0V, V_{CE}=1200V$	-	-	1.0	mA	
Gate Leakage Current	I_{GES}	$V_{CE}=0V, V_{GE}=\pm 20V$	-	-	± 100	nA	
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{GE}=V_{CE}, I_C=15mA$	4.0	5.5	7.0	V	
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$V_{GE}=15V, I_C=15A$	-	1.90	2.30	V	
		$V_{GE}=15V, I_C=15A, T_C = 125$	-	2.25	-	V	
		$V_{GE}=15V, I_C=30A$	-	2.35	-	V	
Dynamic							
Total Gate Charge	Q_g	$V_{CC}=600V, V_{GE}=15V, I_C=15A$	-	115	170	nC	
Gate-Emitter Charge	Q_{ge}		-	13	-	nC	
Gate-Collector Charge	Q_{gc}		-	40	-	nC	
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{CC}=600V, I_C=15A, V_{GE}=15V, R_G=10$ Inductive Load, $T_C = 25$	-	50	-	ns	
Rise Time	t_r		-	30	-	ns	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	260	-	ns	
Fall Time	t_f		-	100	180	ns	
Turn-On Switching Loss	E_{on}		-	2.7	4.0	mJ	
Turn-Off Switching Loss	E_{off}		-	0.55	0.90	mJ	
Total Switching Loss	E_{ts}		-	3.25	4.90	mJ	
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$		$V_{CC}=600V, I_C=15A, V_{GE}=15V, R_G=10$ Inductive Load, $T_C = 125$	-	50	-	ns
Rise Time	t_r			-	30	-	ns
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$			-	270	-	ns
Fall Time	t_f	-		150	-	ns	
Turn-On Switching Loss	E_{on}	-		2.9	4.2	mJ	
Turn-Off Switching Loss	E_{off}	-		0.8	1.2	mJ	
Total Switching Loss	E_{ts}	-		3.7	5.4	mJ	
Input Capacitance	C_{ies}	$V_{CE}=30V, V_{GE}=0V, f=1MHz$	-	1900	-	pF	
Output Capacitance	C_{oes}		-	80	-	pF	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{res}		-	55	-	pF	

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC OF DIODE

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Diode Forward Voltage	V_F	$I_F = 15A$	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	-	1.8	2.5	V
			$T_C = 125^\circ C$	-	1.9	-	
Diode Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	$I_F = 15A$	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	-	230	300	ns
			$T_C = 125^\circ C$	-	270	-	
Diode Peak Reverse Recovery Current	I_{rr}	$I_F = 15A$ $di/dt = 200A/\mu s$	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	-	24	31	A
			$T_C = 125^\circ C$	-	27	-	
Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{rr}	$I_F = 15A$ $di/dt = 200A/\mu s$	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	-	2400	4000	nC
			$T_C = 125^\circ C$	-	3640	-	

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Typical Performance Characteristics

Fig 1. Saturation Voltage Characteristics

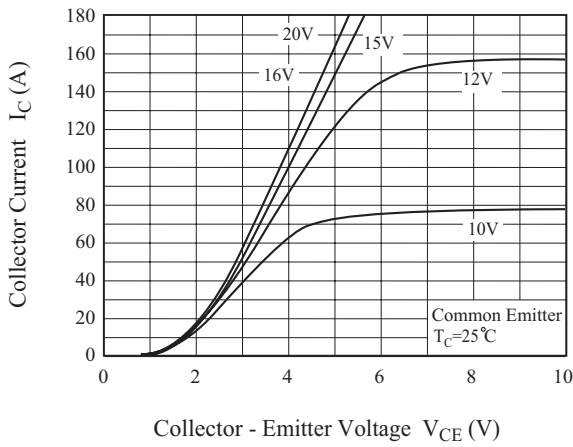


Fig 2. Saturation Voltage Characteristics

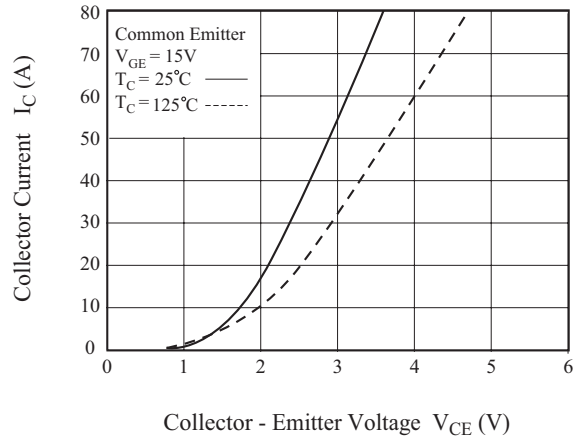


Fig 3. Saturation Voltage vs. Case Temperature

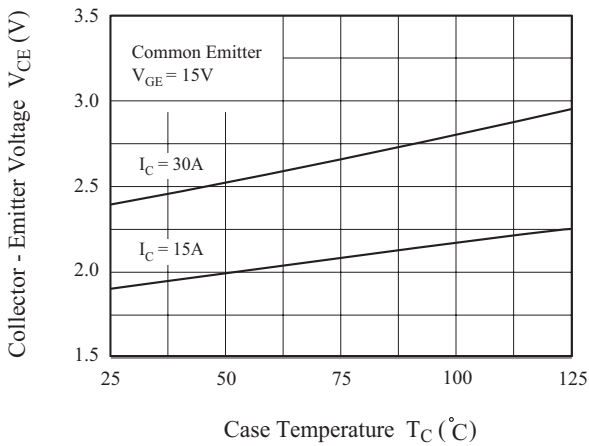


Fig 4. Saturation Voltage vs. V_{GE}

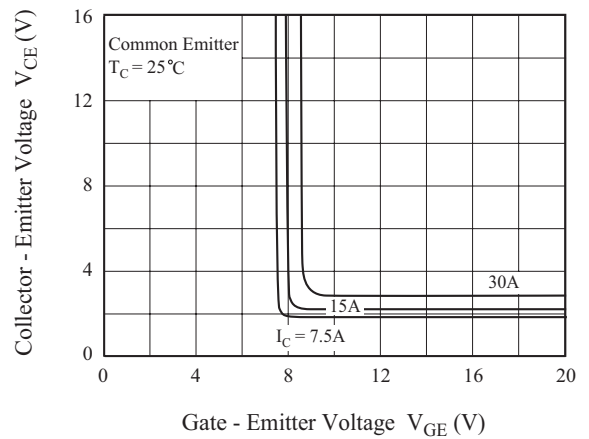


Fig 5. Saturation Voltage vs. V_{GE}

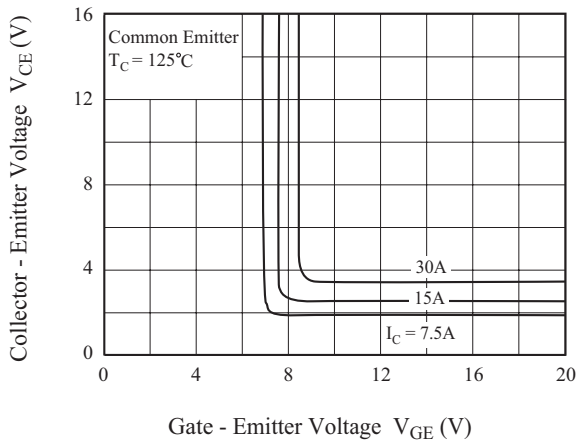
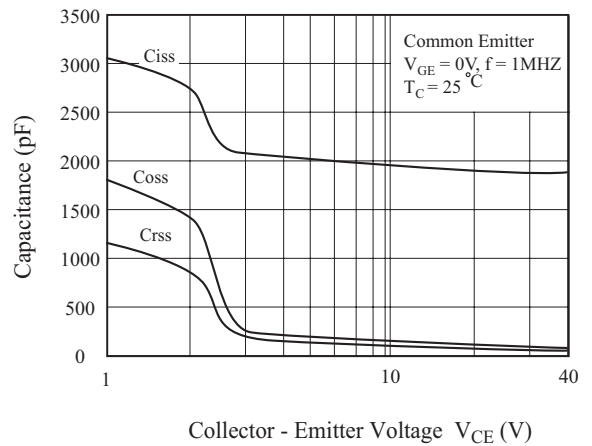


Fig 6. Capacitance Characteristics



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Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

Fig 7. Turn-On Characteristics vs. Gate Resistance

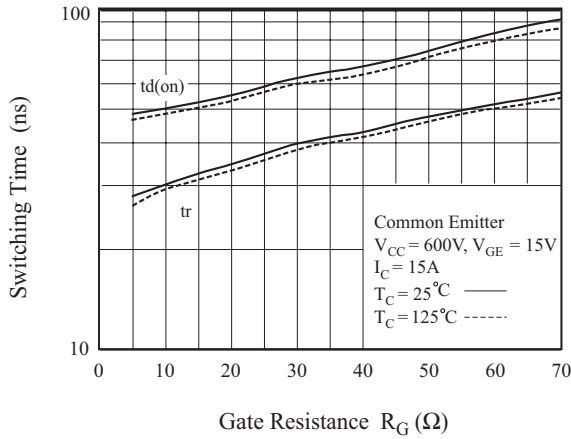


Fig 8. Turn-Off Characteristics vs. Gate Resistance

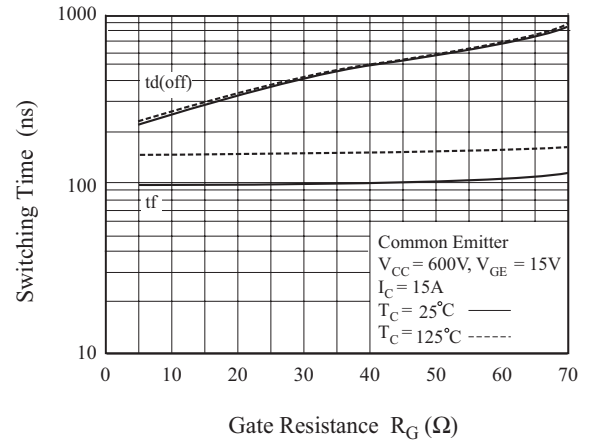


Fig 9. Switching Loss vs. Gate Resistance

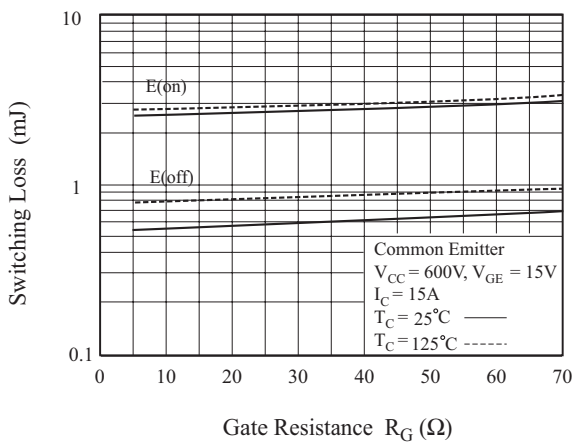


Fig 10. Turn-On Characteristics vs. Collector Current

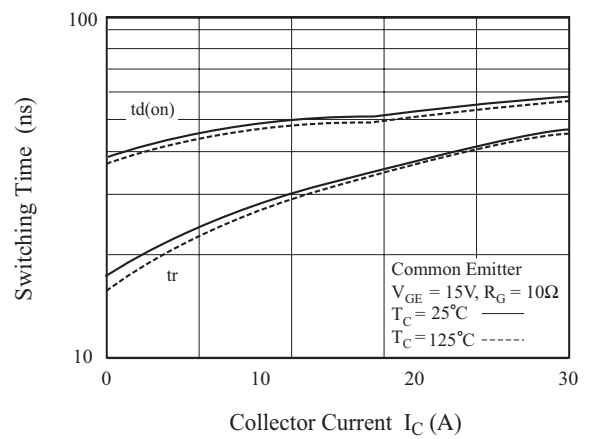


Fig 11. Turn-Off Characteristics vs. Collector Current

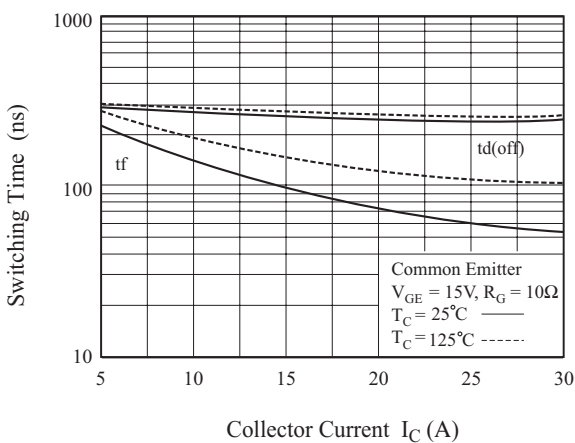


Fig 12. Switching Loss vs. Collector Current

